

Operational analysis and detailed monitoring results of measurements taken from large-scale solar thermal plants integrated into district heating

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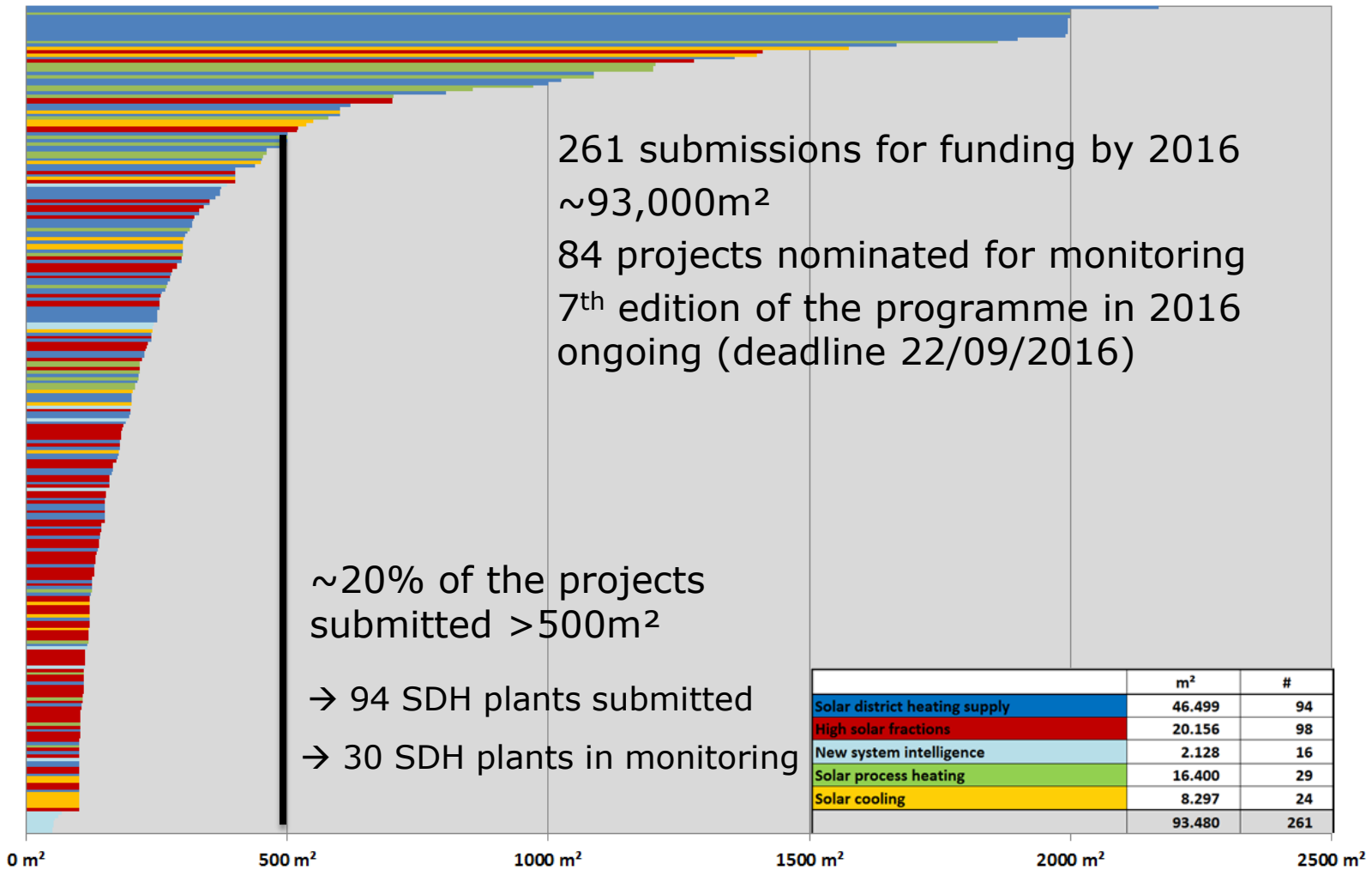
Austrian funding programme

- ❖ Funding programme for commercial ST applications
- ❖ between 100 and 2.000m², covering 4 categories:
 - ❖ Solar process heat
 - ❖ **Solar district heating**
 - ❖ Solar combi systems with >20% solar fraction
 - ❖ Special developments

- ❖ Funding amounts for up to 45% of the extra costs caused by a ST system compared to a reference oil based system

- ❖ Applicants have to take advantage from a scientific project support by AEE INTEC (project lead), AIT
 - ❖ → Mandatory scientific consultancy beforehand for all applicants
 - ❖ → 12 months monitoring of selected projects with high market relevance (replicability) and/or high level of innovation

Austrian funding programme 2010 – 2016



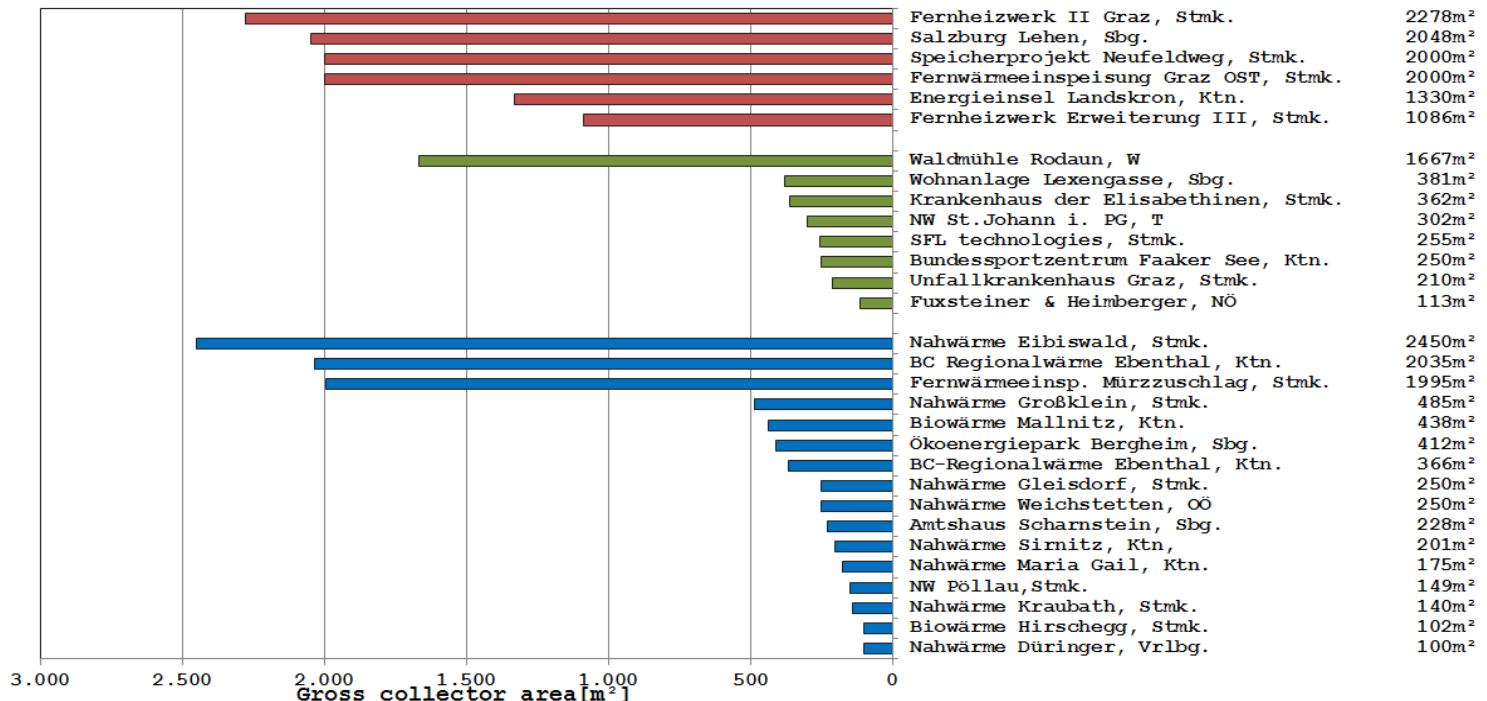
SDH plants in monitoring

❖ 30 SDH plants in monitoring

- ❖ 14 SDH plants monitoring phase finished
- ❖ 16 SDH plants in monitoring or in implementation phase

❖ Three categories:

- ❖ Urban heating network integration (7 projects)
- ❖ Solar assisted biomass heating network (16 projects)
- ❖ Solar thermal microgrid integrations (7 projects)



„Biowärme Mallnitz“

Solar assisted biomass heating network

Solar assisted biomass heating network with a network demand of 8,5 GWth and a network length of 7.000m.

Key figures:

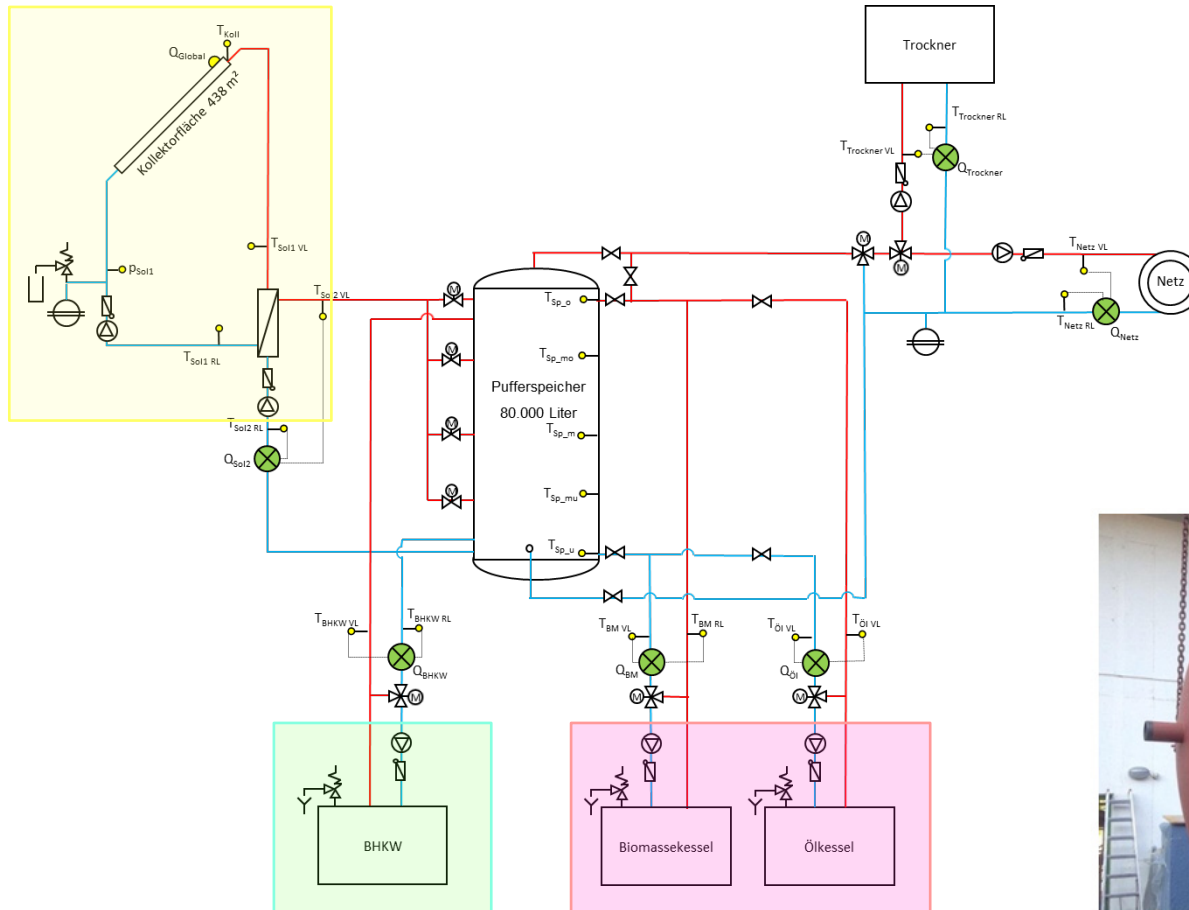
- ❖ 438m² flat plate collector field
- ❖ 80 m³ energy storage (105 & 68.5 m³)
- ❖ 1,5% SD, 358 kWh/m²_{Apertur}a
- ❖ DH supply temperatures: 95/52 in winter resp. 85/42 in summer
- ❖ Auxiliary heating: biomass boiler (2MW) + 1 oil boiler reserve + 1 Biomass – CHP (550 kW_{thermisch})

Status: Monitoring finished August 2015



Source: AEE INTEC

„Biowärme Mallnitz“



Bildquelle: BW Mallnitz



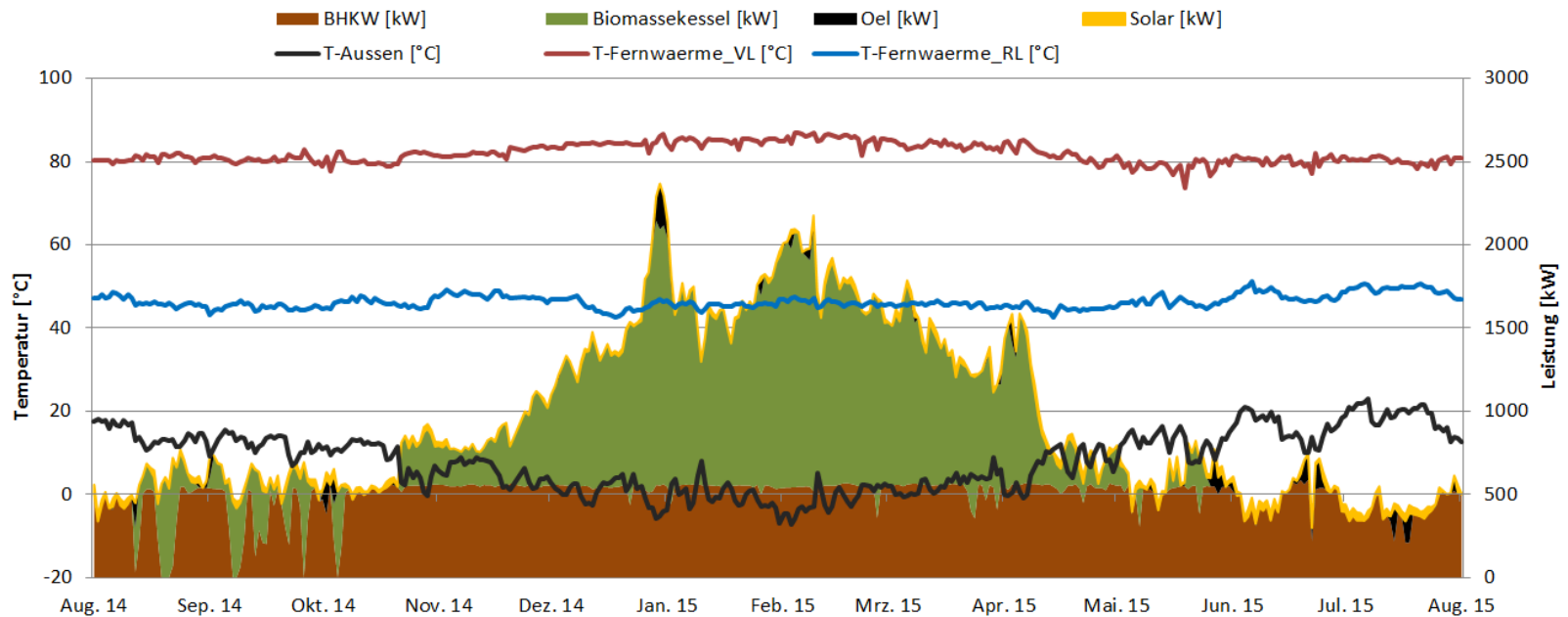
Bildquelle: BW Mallnitz

„Biowärme Mallnitz“

Key figures and energy balance

- ❖ Heat demand: ~8500 MWh/a
- ❖ Solar yield: 358 kWh/m²a
- ❖ Solar fraction: 1,5%

- ❖ Little operation of the biomass boiler and oil boiler during summer
- ❖ Reduction of operating hours of both boilers
- ❖ Good boiler selection



„Stadtteil Salzburg-Lehen“

Urban heating network integration

Solar thermal system connected to a low-temperature heating network supplying around 38,000m² of heated floor area. 300 apartments, student hostel, laboratories, office buildings, a hotel and 150 renovated homes

Key figures:

- ❖ 2.048 m² flat plate collector field (mounted on 13 separate roofs)
- ❖ 200 m³ energy storage
- ❖ 25% SD
- ❖ 533 kWh/m²_{Apertur^a}
- ❖ 160 kW storage integrated HP and district heating network

Status:

- ❖ Monitoring finished July 2015

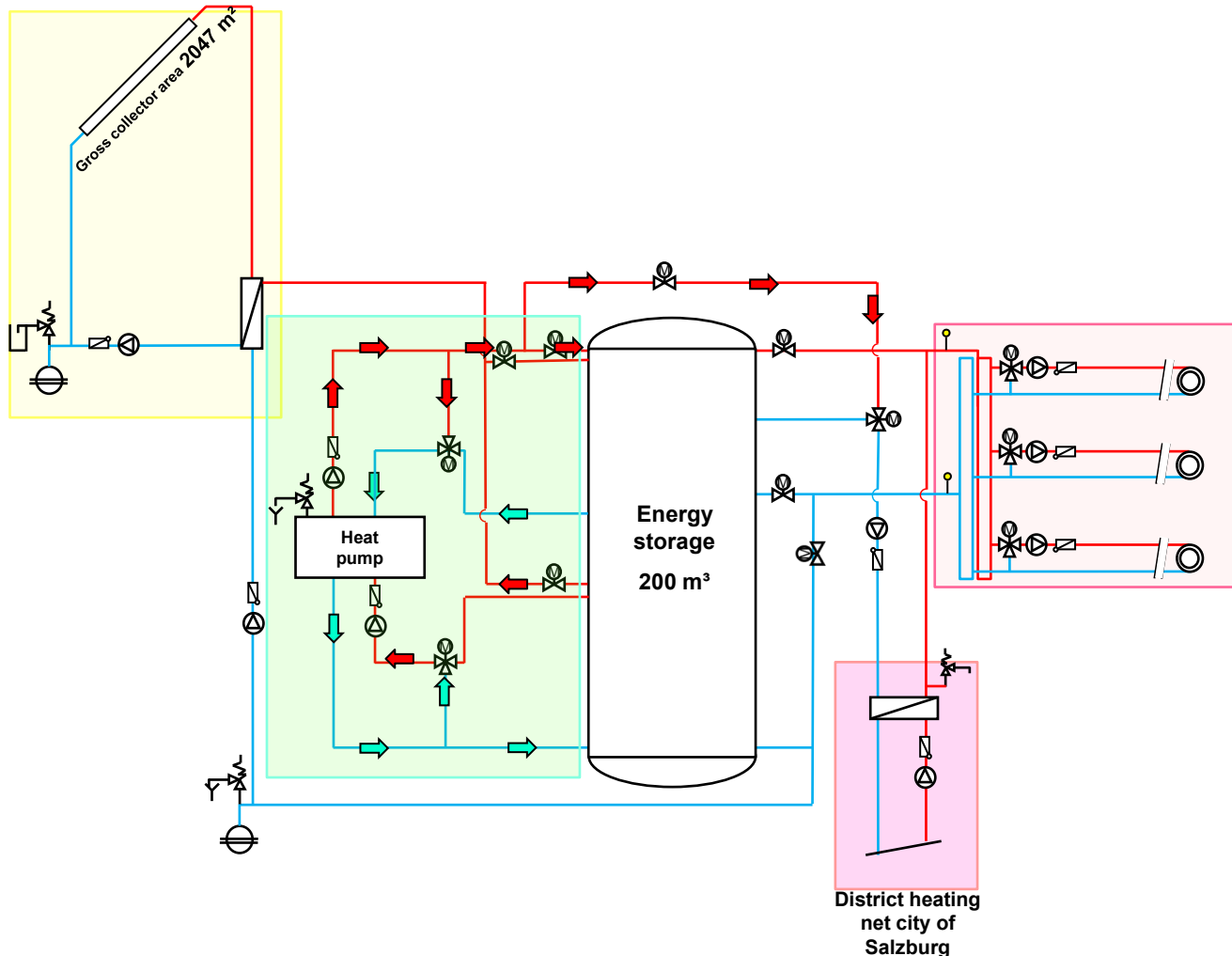


Source: Steinbeis Transferzentrum
Source: AEE INTEC



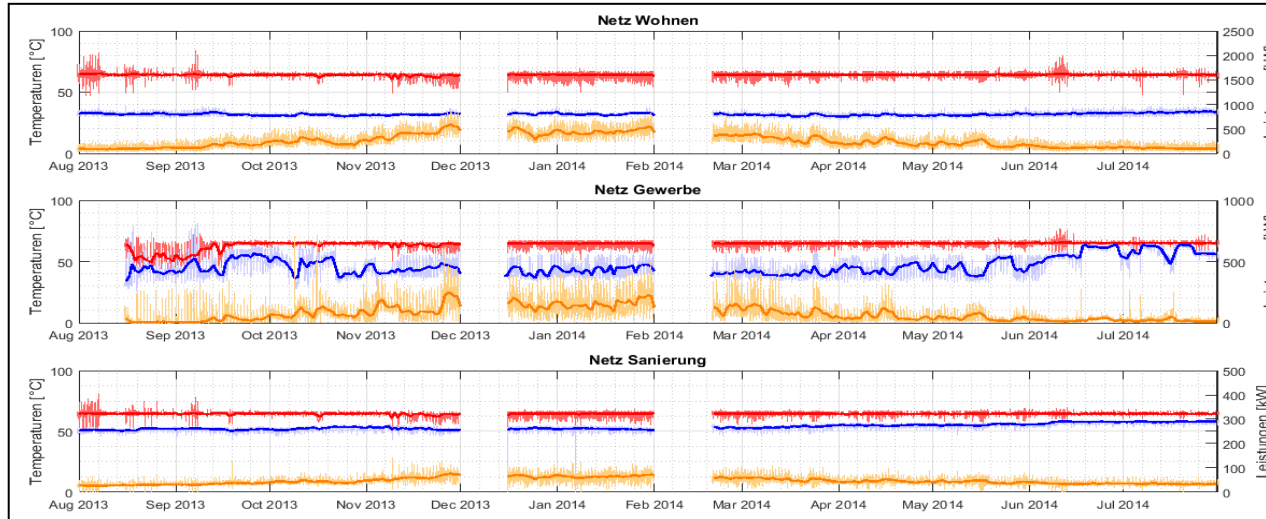
Source: <http://www.steiner-bau.at>

„Stadtteil Salzburg-Lehen“



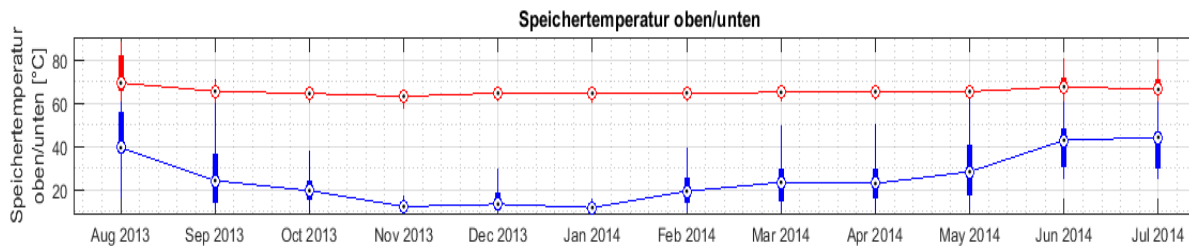
- ❖ **Heat pump**
 - Storage integrated
 - Two operating modes: **heating mode** und **summer mode**
- ❖ **HP control strategy:**
 - „summer mode“ in operation if $T_a > 13\text{ °C}$
 - otherwise **heating mode**
- ❖ **Control strategy district heating:**
 - Additional heating if storage temperature is under $< 65\text{ °C}$
- ❖ **Monitoring**
 - ~ 300 measuring points
 - 10 storage temperatures

„Stadtteil Salzburg-Lehen“ Urban heating network integration



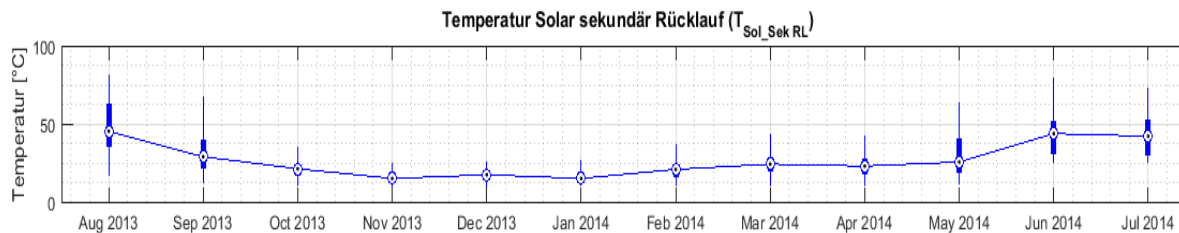
❖ Temperature distribution

- Net total:
Return temperature ~40 °C
- New build apartments:
Return-temperature ~35 °C



❖ Energy storage temperature:

- Except in summer (June, July, August) under net return temperature



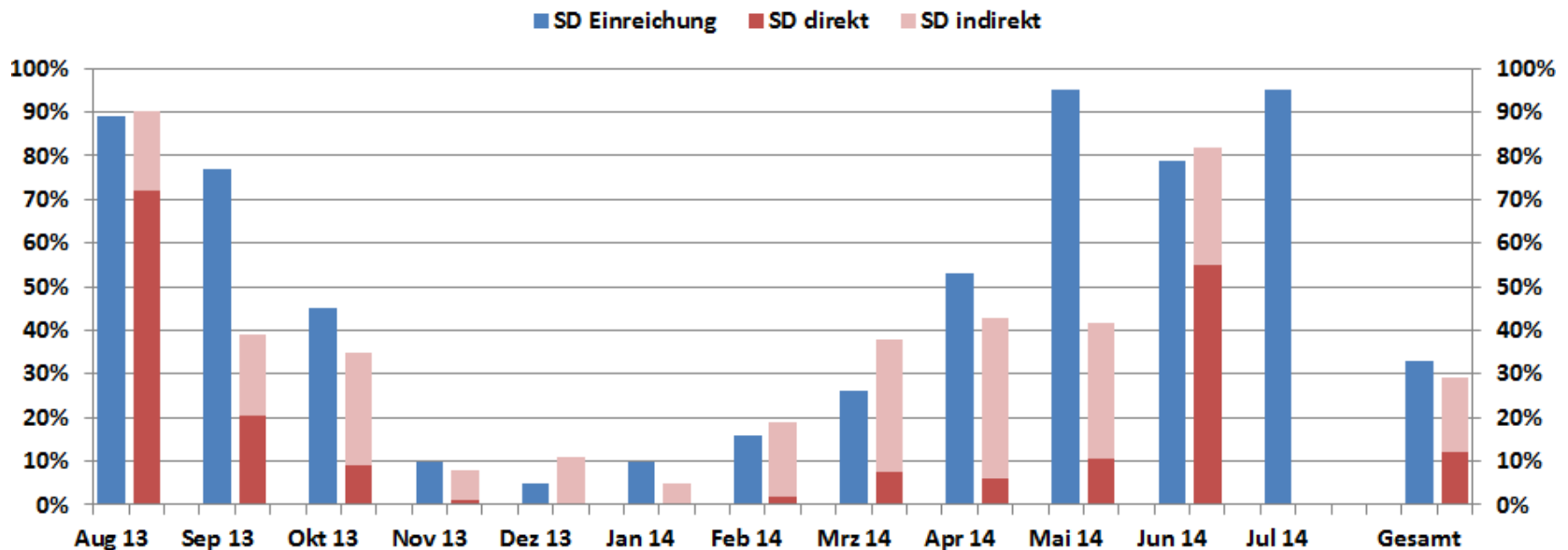
❖ Solar thermal system

- Leads to low return
- temperatures for the solar system

„Stadtteil Salzburg-Lehen“

Key figures and energy balance

- ❖ Heat demand: ~3500 MWh/a
- ❖ Heat pump: ~740 MWh/a (165 MWh current energy)
- ❖ Solar yield: 533 kWh/m²_{ap}a
- ❖ Solar fraction: 29% (12% direct, 17% indirect over HP)
- ❖ Seasonal Performance Factor: 4,5



„SFL technologies “

Solar thermal microgrid integrations

Heating and hot water preparation over a microgrid integration of the company SFL technologies and regenerating of deep geothermal heat exchanger

Key figures:

- ❖ 255 m² flat plate collector field (mounted on two separate roofs)
- ❖ 24 m³ energy storage
- ❖ geothermal field of 42 probes with a depth of 147 m each
- ❖ 4,5% SD, 366 kWh/m²a (prediction)
- ❖ 1 gas boiler with 450 kW and 4 heat pumps with a total capacity of 360 kW
- ❖ **Status:** Monitoring started in September 2015

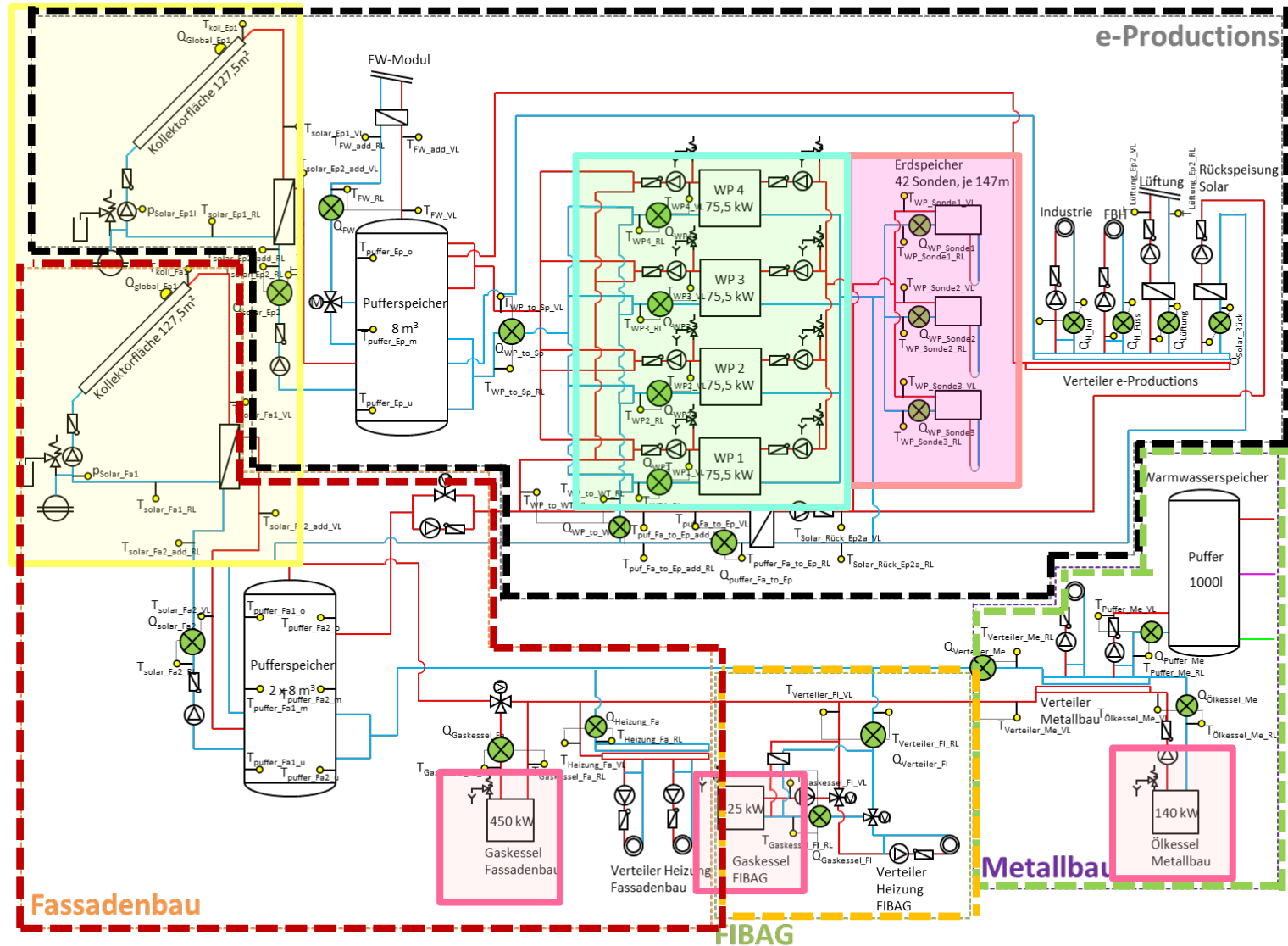


Source: Firma H. Traussnigg GmbH

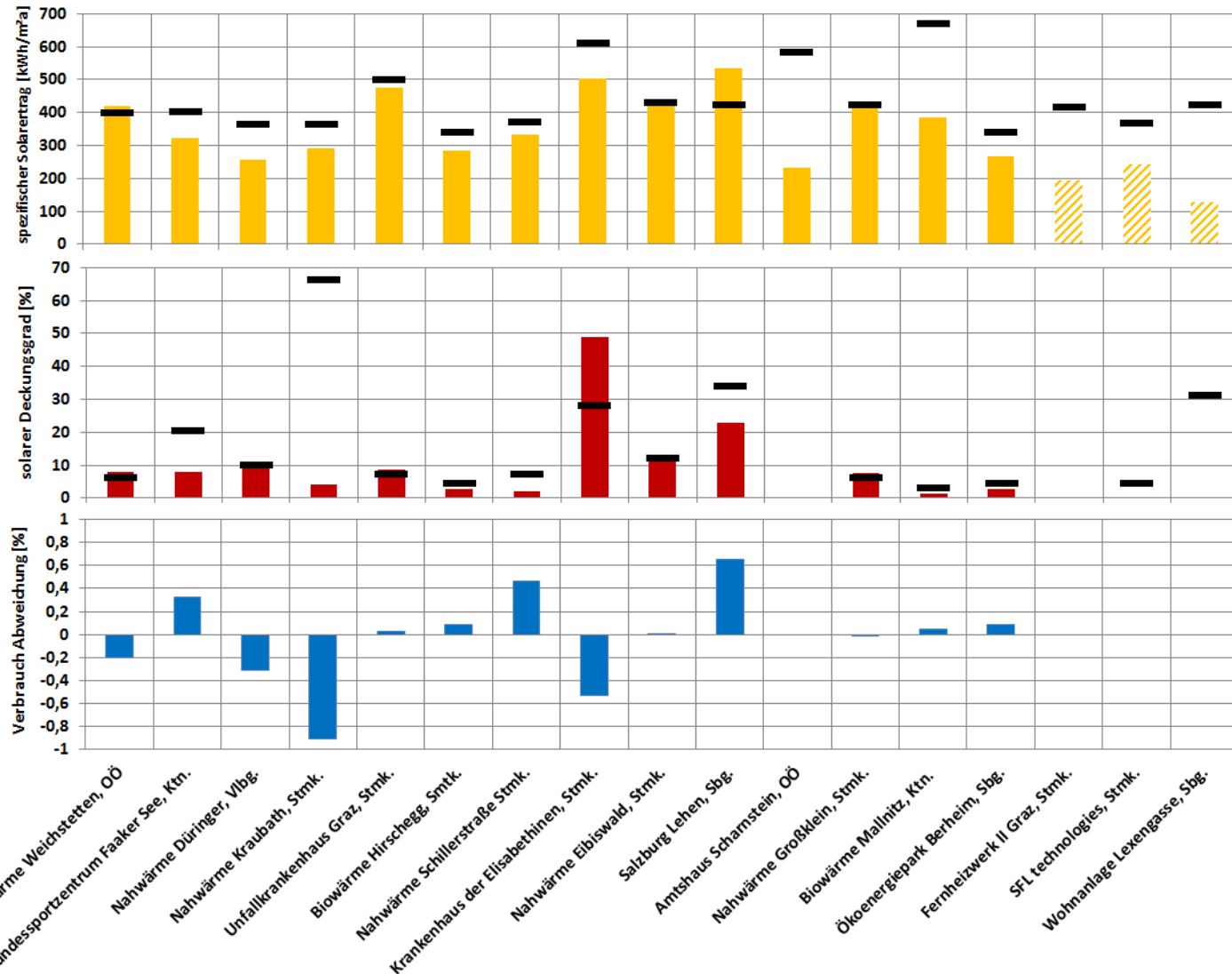


Source: Firma H. Traussnigg GmbH

Hydraulic scheme „SFL technologies“

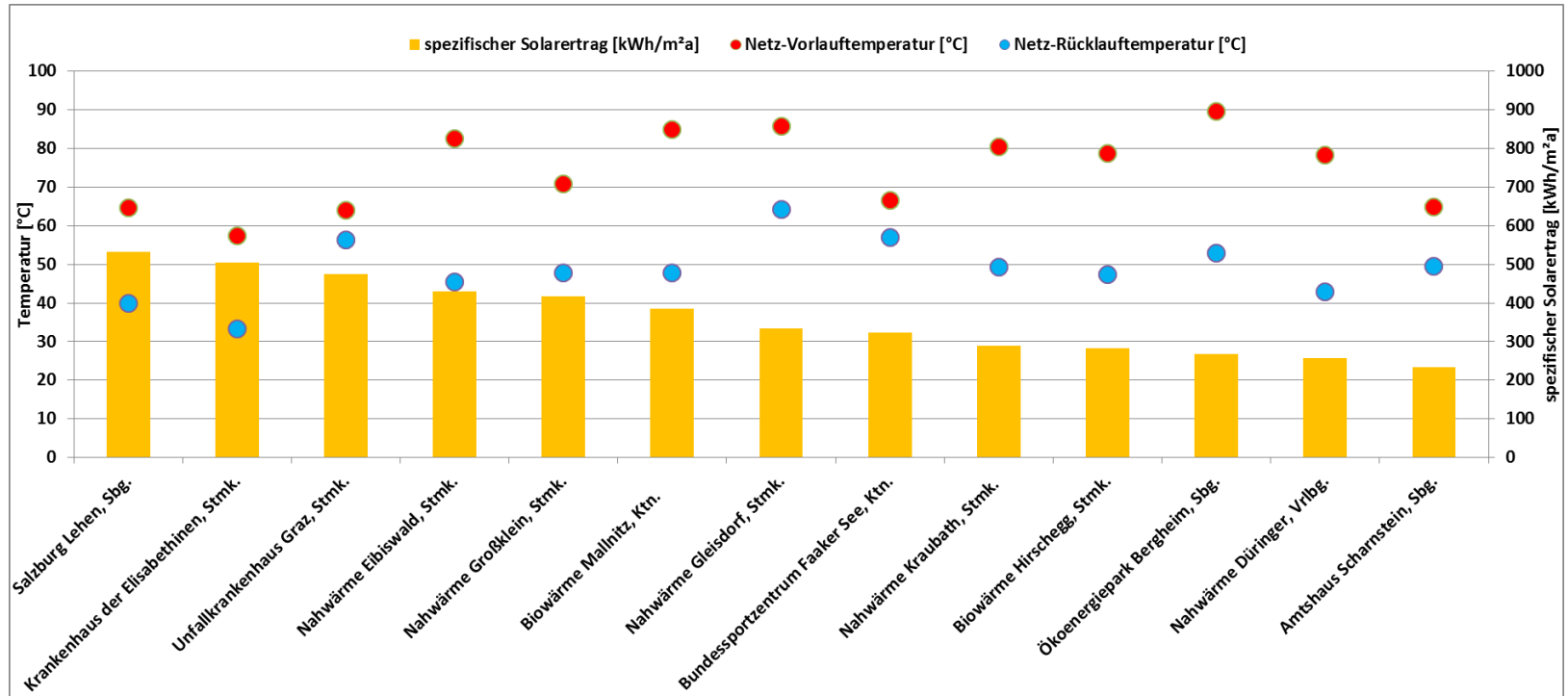


Comparison of measurement results and projections from planning



Comparison of net temperatures

❖ Return temperature level of the monitored SDH has significant influence on the solar yield of the solar thermal systems



Summary and outlook

- ❖ The Austrian funding programme is well accepted and brought a considerable market momentum for commercial large scale ST applications
- ❖ Funding programme was launched and successfully accomplished for the 7th time this year.
- ❖ Trend towards complex, intelligent heating networks recognizable (cogeneration, heat pumps, decentralized feed, underground storage tanks, etc.)
- ❖ Storage integrated heat pump increases the solar output and allows smaller dimensions of the storage volume.
- ❖ The objective of replacing fossil peak load boilers or the avoidance of “partial load”-operation of biomass boilers could be achieved in some projects
- ❖ The range of net temperatures of the analyzed SDH was between 60/30°C and 85/65°C. An clear impact on the efficiency of the solar system was shown.
- ❖ Potentials for cost reductions need to be further exploited (e.g. standardization) and new/adapted business models need to be established (e.g. consumer co-operatives, ESCO's, Crowd-Investing...)



Thank you for your attention!

